

EQUATIONS WITH POWERS

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12) Determine the value of the variable that satisfies each equation

c) $12^x = 1$. What's x ? Ans: $x=0$

b) $10^m = 100\ 000$. m? m = 5

c) $10^x = 0.0001$ x? x = -4 $10^{-3} = 0.001$

$$10^{-1} = \frac{1}{10} = 0.1 ; \quad 10^{-2} = \frac{1}{10^2} = \frac{1}{100} = 0.01 ;$$

d) $2^k = \frac{1}{2}$ k? $k = -1$.

e) $2^e = \frac{1}{32}$ e? $e = -5$

f) $2^{2a} = 64$ a?

$$2^6 = 64 \Rightarrow 2a = 6$$

a = 3

EXPONENTIAL GROWTH

x	f	g	h
-3	-7	9	0.125
-2	-5	4	0.25
-1	-3	1	0.5
0	-1	0	0.500
1	1	1	0.500
2	3	4	2
3	5	9	4
4	7	16	8
5	9	25	16

QUADRATIC FUNC

CONSTANT 2nd differences

-3 - (-5) = 2
1 - (-1) = 2
1 - (-1) = 2

$\frac{1-4}{1-(-1)} = 2$

$\frac{-1-(-3)}{1-(-1)} = 2$

$\frac{4-9}{1-(-1)} = -5$

$\frac{1-4}{1-(-1)} = -3$

h is neither linear nor quadratic

1st Diff for f: $-5 - (-7) = 2$
 $-3 - (-5) = 2$
 $-1 - (-3) = 2$

A hence f is linear function (straight line)

1st difference for g: $4 - 9 = -5$
 $1 - 4 = -3$

Not constant

1st difference for h: $0.500 - 0.500 = 0$

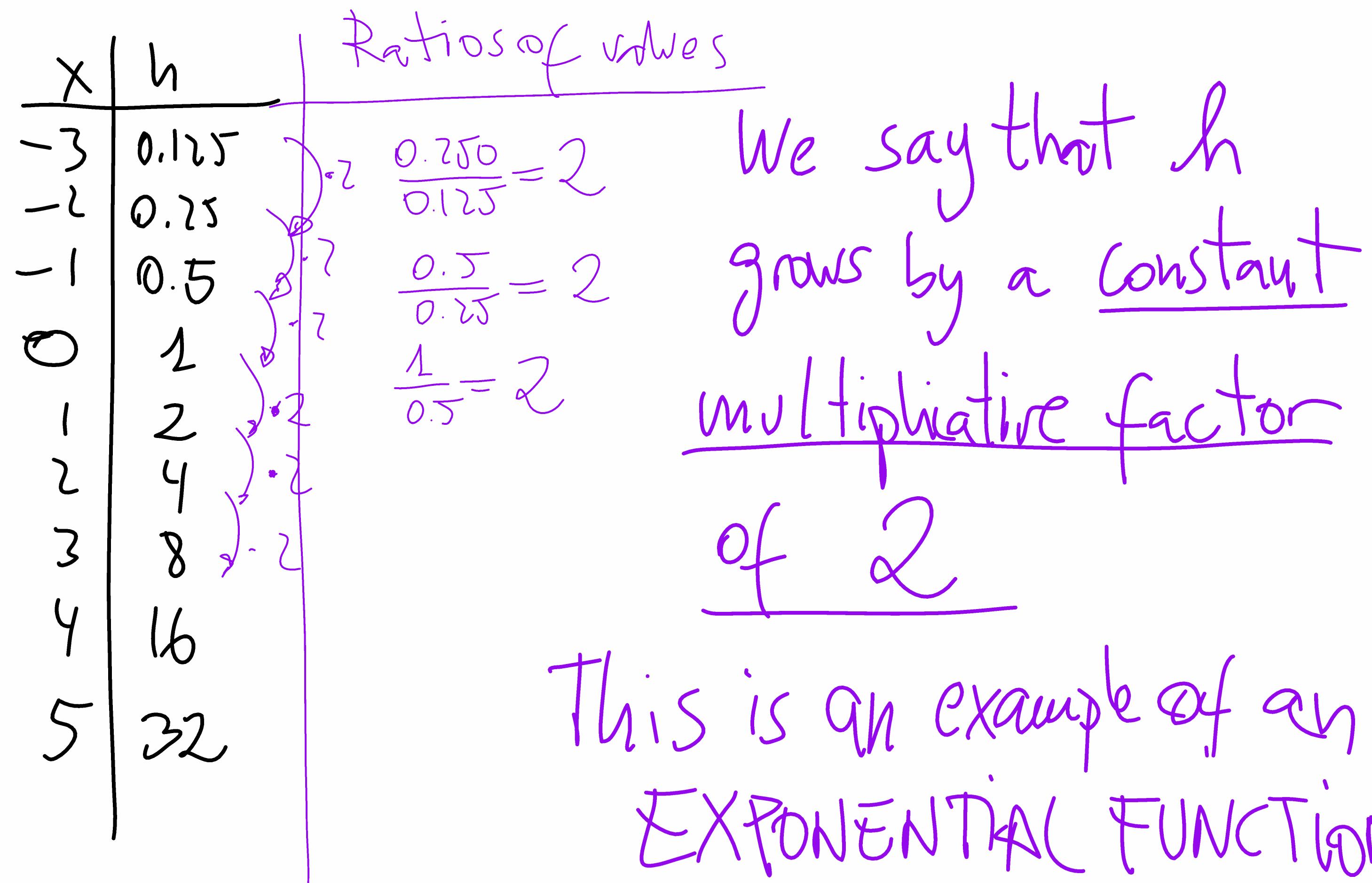
h is neither linear nor quadratic

1st Diff for f: $-5 - (-7) = 2$
 $-3 - (-5) = 2$
 $-1 - (-3) = 2$

are constant for f

1st Difference f: $-5 - (-7) = 2$
 $-3 - (-5) = 2$
 $-1 - (-3) = 2$

What type of functions are f & g?



This is an example of an
EXponential FUNCTION

Exercise: In Geogebra, plot the function $f(x) = 2^x$

x	f
-3	0.125
-2	0.25
-1	0.5
0	1
1	2
2	4
3	8
4	16
5	32

In $f(x) = 2^x$
the variable x is
in the exponent.

Hence, $f(x)$ is an exponential function.

Mind you: This is different from
the function $\underline{g(x) = x^2}$

This is a power
or polynomial function

Exercise: In geogebra, plot the functions

$$\underline{f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x} \text{ & } \underline{g(x) = \left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^x}$$

Describe the differences.

- 1) What's the y-intercept? $y_{\text{intercept}} = 1$ for both

